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ELEVENTH BIENNIAL REPORT

—OF THE—

SUPERINTENDENT

—OF—

PUBLIC INSTRUCTION

IDAHO TERRITORY.

—o—

FOR THE SCHOOL YEARS 1886 AND 1887.

ELEVENTH BIENNIAL REPORT

—OF THE—

Superintendent of Public Instruction

IDAHO TERRITORY.

FOR SCHOOL YEARS 1886 AND 1887.

—o—

DEPARTMENT OF PUBLIC INSTRUCTION.

OFFICE OF THE TERRITORIAL SUPERINTENDENT,
Boise City, Idaho Territory, Nov. 23, A. D. 1888.

TO HIS EXCELLENCY E. A STEVENSON,
GOVERNOR OF IDAHO TERRITORY.

DEAR SIR —I have the honor herewith to submit the Eleventh Biennial Report of the Department of Public Instruction, containing a statement of the public schools of this Territory, based upon reports made to me for the school years 1886 and 1887.

Very Respectfully
Your Obedient Servant
[SEAL] SILAS W MOODY,
Ter Supt. of Public Instruction.

Confronted at the beginning of this term of office by the undeniable fact that the needs of our schools were manifold, their

resources limited and their imperfections only too plainly to be perceived, I was conscious that the work of perfecting was not to be accomplished without patient waiting and active endeavor. Our public schools are the product of public sentiment, and until the people are aroused to a point where their interest will become active in school matters and in educational affairs, little can be done for the improvement of the school system. In communities where the majority of the inhabitants never enter the school room, where the conduct of school matters is left to the control of irresponsible individuals who receive no pay and too often are too ignorant to perform the simple yet responsible business of the office, the task of arousing a proper interest is almost hopeless. Time, death, and the new life of the east inflowing upon them will eventually change these conditions to more hopeful ones. The work, however, has not ceased and the growth has not been imperceptible. Comparing the old with the new there is much for congratulation and encouragement. That Idaho is advancing in school matters is not only attested by the increased amounts spent for educational interests over former years, but by the increase in teachers who have undergone special preparation for their profession. As communities increase in wealth and population the character of the school buildings grow better. The graded schools are increasing in number and the demand for professional instructors is greater. Our present school law needs revision. The most necessary changes I have dwelt upon somewhat fully in this report, the others I believe will occur to your minds without being specifically mentioned.

As one instance showing the growth in school matters in this Territory, and as a reason why the demand for Territorial aid should be met by concessions liberal and adequate I find from the files of this office that in 1870 the total number of children of school age was only 888; we now have 20,130. In that year only $9,226.06 was spent for education, this year over $138,-662.56 was expended. Then we had but 29 districts; now they number 337. Statistics may be deemed by many uninteresting, but the above seem to be convincing in proof that our school financial interests and population are marvelously increasing and must be provided for energetically.

SUMMARY OF REPORTS.

Of County School Superintendents and Independent School Districts for School Years 1886 and 1887.

	1886.	1887.
Number of Districts	318	337
" School Houses	238	268
" School houses belonging to district		214
" Schools	334	365
" Scholars enrolled	9,873	10,433
" Libraries	7	12
" Volumes in same	830	1797
" Visits made by County Supts	172	312
" Months schools were taught	1710¼	1483⅜
Proportional attendance	53 per ct. plus.	52 per ct. nearly.
Total number boys of school age	9552	10,326
Total number girls of school age	9003	9,804
Total number children of school age	18,555	20,130
Amounts received from county taxes	$ 78,006.05	$ 101,002.53
Amounts received from district taxes	48,184.76	33,310.74
Amounts received from all sources	160,172.51	164,732.55
Amount paid teachers salaries	85,457.97	92,910.81
Amount paid for all purposes	141,096.67	138,662.56
Number visits made by trustees	1126	1482

The failure of the Superintendents in several counties to make proper reports prevents giving exact statistics, and I am satisfied that the amounts received and expended largely exceed those above given.

Following is a list of the County School Superintendents in Idaho Territory:

NAME.	POST OFFICE.	COUNTY.
Chas. C. Stevenson	Boise City	Ada
Mrs. Frances Butler	Hailey	Alturas
R. Kennington	Bennington	Bear Lake
M. C. Senter	Blackfoot	Bingham
J. A. Lippincott	Idaho City	Boise
O. R. Hale	Albion	Cassia
J. D. Elliott	Challis	Custer
H. Robbins	Cottonwood	Idaho
M. W. Musgrove	Rathdrum	Kootenai
J. W. Lienallen	Moscow	Latah
Rev. O. M. Mintzer	Salmon City	Lemhi

NAME.	POST OFFICE.	COUNTY.
J. Q. Moxley	Lewiston	Nez Perce
W. C. Heaston	Malad City	Oneida
John Scales	Silver City	Owyhee
W. W. Hammel	Murray	Shoshone
Rev. L. L. Shearer	Weiser City	Washington

REPORTS AND SCHOOL OFFICERS.

Our system of reports and the rules prescribed concerning the duties of school officers, while admirable in theory are impracticable, and the results of little value so far as the immediate oversight of the schools and the furnishing of reliable statistical information are concerned. The filling of the office of trustees by popular election too often places in office men of no education and having little if any interest in school affairs ; men who seldom visit the school room, and refuse to advance the interest of the schools, and who not being either able or willing to attend to the business or finances of the district fail to make proper reports to the county superintendents, who in turn reporting to the Territorial Superintendent find themselves unable to furnish the latter with the information required. The counties of the Territory are so large and the districts so scattered that it is a physical impossibility for a Superintendent to visit each district between the time when the district reports are due and the date when his own report is required. Many of the reports sent to this office are incomplete and being made from statistics furnished by trustees are inaccurate. With the means at my disposal it was impossible to furnish a proper set of books to each superintendent in addition to the usual blanks. A system of accounting similar to that in vogue between the Auditor and Treasurer of each county, modified to comply with the demands of the school finances, would in my judgment, obviate the difficulties now encountered. I submit herewith tables embodying the statistics in gross, given by the County Superintendents amended and corrected, so far as I am enable to do. Many of the county reports are now in transit for the purpose of correction.

COLLECTOR'S FEES.

By the passage of the so-called "Salary Bill" the Fourteenth Legislature gave a color of claim to the county collectors to col-

lect fees on the school moneys collected by them, although the general school law forbids the receiving of such fees, and I respectfully call your attention to the matter in order that the school fund may not be deprived of its revenue already too meager for its support. If it is deemed proper that a collection fee be retained, I respectfully insist that such fee be paid out of the current expense fund of the county, and not out of the school fund

SCHOOL CENSUS.

By Section 670 of the Revised Statutes of Idaho, the School Census Marshal is allowed ten cents per capita for enumerating the children of school age of his district. With our present school population the annual expense of such enumeration to the county school funds amounts to more than two thousand dollars. The trustees appoint the Census Marshal under the law. I reccommend as a matter of economy and for the protection of the school funds that the fee be reduced to five cents per capita and that the clerk of the Board of Trustees (who receives no remuneration for his services) be declared to be School Census Marshal ex officio.

SEPARATION OF OFFICES.

From close personal observation I am strongly of the opinion that the creation of the separate office of County School Superintendent from that of County Auditor or Probate Judge, has been of material beneficial effect upon the schools. The traces of mismanagement and neglect under the old system in this respect, are gradually disappearing and better work is accomplished.

ESCHEATED ESTATES.

I would call special attention to the estate of Henry Martin, deceased, situated in Owyhee and Washington counties, and consisting partly of town lots in Weiser City, and partly of lode mining property in the vicinity of Silver City. There is a large indebtedness due upon the mining property and the interest of the decedent in the property is undivided. Under the circumstances it has been considered best by the Probate Judge of Washington County to suspend further proceedings in the settlement of the estate awaiting direction in the premises by the Fifteenth Legislative Assembly

Many other estates without known heirs are in process of settlement, many of them of little value and liable to be of no value to the School Fund when claims and fees shall have been paid. I am indebted to the Hon. Charles Himrod, Territorial Treasurer, for a report as to the condition of the "Territoria General School Fund" and the "Territorial Common School Fund," which is as follows, viz:

TERRITORY OF IDAHO,
EXECUTIVE DEPARTMENT.

OFFICE OF TERRITORIAL TREASURER,
Boise City, I. T., Aug. 29, 1888.

To S. W. MOODY, Territorial School Supt.
Boise City, Idaho Territory.

I have the honor to herewith submit a statement of the Territorial General School Fund.

1887.	To balance in fund September 1, 1887.....	$1165.74
Sept. 28.	To escheated estate of J. A. Johnson deceased	1411.37
" " " "	Patrick Kelly "	542.07
" " " "	Henry Wells	195.25
	Total.....	$3314.43

There is on hand in the "Territorial Common School Fund..... $284.45

The above is from preceeds of 1 per cent on the gross proceeds of toll road, bridges and ferries. Yours Truly,

CHAS. HIMROD, Ter. Treasurer.

NEZ PERCE AND LATAH COUNTIES.

The statistics furnished by the respective Superintendents of the above named counties are necessarily incomplete, arising from the confusion caused by the Act of Congress creating the county of Latah. At the time when the reports were rendered the transcription of the records was not complete, as I am informed, and the reports of neither county could be properly made. Taken together I think they fairly give the general statistics, but fail to cover receipts and disbursements for several months.

DISTRICT INDEBTEDNESS.

I would recommend that the law be so amended as to forbid districts from incurring indebtedness, other than bonded indebtedness, beyond the amount actually on hand to its credit in the

county treasury. It is not unfrequently the case that teachers are compelled to wait for six months or more for their pay after it is earned, and in case they desire to realize on their certificates of indebtedness, to discount the same at the rate of ten per centum or even more. Justice to the teachers demands prompt payment for their services.

TEXT BOOKS.

The system in vogue of compelling the adoption of series uniform in each county has been a marked success. Few complaints have arisen, and the benefits to teacher and pupil are unquestioned. Many of the contracts with publishing houses will expire between March and September next. Every county in the Territory has adopted a series.

SECTARIAN SCHOOLS.

From such information as I can obtain I find that there are now established in this Territory the following schools under denominational control, and independent of supervision of the school authorities:

By Methodists	2
By Presbyterians	3
By Episcopalians	1
By Roman Catholics	1
Total	7

Numerous private schools exist of which no report is made to this office.

COUNTY TEACHERS' CERTIFICATES.

I respectfully recommend that the law now in force permitting teachers who have taught five years in any one county, to teach after that time without further examination by the County Superintendent, be repealed. With the adoption of new and improved methods and the consequent higher standards attained, all teachers should be required to undergo from time to time examinations as to their proficiency and attainments. The abuse of the permit system forces me to the conclusion that the efficiency of the schools demands its abrogation. Stated public ex-

aminations where the people may attend and inform themselves of the learning, character and ability of the candidate, are to my mind the only means by which teachers can be compelled to maintain proper standing. During the past term considerable friction has been caused by reason of the reputed leaders of the Mormon church demanding that only members of that church should be employed as teachers in the schools in the Mormon districts, and threats were made from time to time that unless such teachers were employed the children would not be permitted to attend. Under the law providing that county certificates should not be granted to any persons who are not law abiding citizens and persons of good moral character, several of the County Superintendents have refused to issue certificates to persons known to be members of an organization which teaches, councils, advises or encourages its members, or devotees, or any other persons to commit the crime of bigamy or polygamy or any other crime defined by law, either as a rite or ceremony of such organization. I have reason to believe that the firmness of the county superintendents has been productive of good, and that while some parents at first refused to send their children to teachers not of their own faith, yet there has been a gradual return to the schools, although without doubt many still refuse.

THE COMPULSORY EDUCATIONAL LAW

Enacted by the Fourteenth Legislature is seriously defective, and has frequently been used as a means of avoiding sending children to the public school. While a few Superintendents have reported that it is enforced, others claim it to be a dead letter upon the statute book.

TEACHERS' TERRITORIAL CERTIFICATES

Have been issued to seven successful applicants during the term. Several others have made application but have withdrawn the same, owing to the requirements of the law in respect to geology. The hasty and inefficient study of this branch in the preparatory schools and other institutions results in a lack of thorough knowledge of the subject and precludes many otherwise capable teachers from obtaining the highest grade of certificate. I would recommend that it be withdrawn from the list of studies required

and that some other study be substituted. There are now outstanding twenty-seven Territorial Certificates.

UNIVERSITY LANDS

Of the seventy-two sections authorized to be withdrawn for University purposes by the Act of Congress of February 18, 1881, there have been selected all but 1906.15 acres. Several tracts originally selected have been excluded from the list by the General Land Office, for the reason that prior settlement had been made, and their equivalent will be applied for on behalf of the Territory. These lands are not subject to the control of or disposal by the Territorial officers, being simply withdrawn from market by the government until such time as Congress may legislate farther concerning them. Many of the tracts are situated in the midst of populous and thriving farming communities, and if the title could be vested in the Territory, might by proper management be made a source of considerable revenue.

SECTIONS SIXTEEN AND THIRTY-SIX

Are reserved in each surveyed township for common school purposes, but their title and control are not vested in the Territory, and unless Congress shall grant us relief they must lie idle and unavailable until we achieve statehood.

SCHOOL FACILITIES.

The growth of our school population far exceeds the increase of houses suitable for school purposes. From every growing community the complaint arises of crowded school rooms and over taxed teachers It is not an unfrequent occurrence to learn of rooms where the teachers have from fifty to seventy children under their charge, and where the original seating arrangements for forty or even less pupils have to be made to supply the needs of almost double the number. Such a condition of affairs is subversive of discipline, good health and advancement. The expedient of having only a portion of the pupils attend a part only of each day has been resorted to—an expedient no doubt necessary under the circumstances, but in every way to be regretted. In some districts an attempt to escape this evil has been made by a division of the district, but such a course in the poorer dis-

tricts is not desirable. The responsibility rests with the County Commissioners who refuse to levy more than the minimum tax of four mills. There is urgent need of more funds. The plea of economy in levying school revenue is a false one. In what may be termed the new communities, the lands are not yet patented and only the improvements and personal property of the settler are placed upon the assessment roll and subject to taxation for school purposes; taking into consideration that hardly fifty per cent of the real value of such property is returned to the assessor and the further fact that the same value is given on property already patented, I think it is fair to infer that the minimum tax of four mills is not equivalent to two mills on the dollar of taxable property, for school purposes. Between the vicious practice of low valuations and the minimum levy, the school fund is defrauded of its just dues, a burden unjust and unbearable is cast upon new country districts and the schools suffer in consequence. An increase in the minimum rate from four mills to six mills, or more, on or the dollar, would be a wonderful help. It is a matter of regret that many districts are obliged to use structures belonging to and controlled by religious societies. It is fatal to the independence of the public schools and tends to lessen their influence in the direction which popular sentiment demands. We have on hand in the "Territorial General School Fund" about $3,300.00, which under proper safeguards might be made available by the Legislature for school houses. At present it is drawing no interest and capable of no good for the schools. Legislative enactment is the only way by which help can be secured.

DISTRICT BOUNDARY LINES.

Owing to the peculiar nature of our settlement prior too government surveys, the school districts of earlier creation were established with boundaries very vague and undefined. Mountain ranges and creeks, divides and canyons, were designated as the limits. Out of this practice has arisen great confusion, and in a large number of districts it has become almost impossible to take an accurate school census, or for the Assessor to levy a valid special school tax.

The shifting of population has often left the school house at

a distance remote from the thickly settled portion of the district, and given rise to disturbances in such communities. The present law is imperfect in not requiring the limits to be arranged and the school houses removed to localities convenient to the majority.

OUT HOUSES.

During the year 1886 I sought to obtain reports through the County Superintendents concerning the number and condition of privies for the school houses throughout the Territory. The information obtained through such reports, and personal observation revealed a most disgraceful state of affairs. The neglect of the Trustees in this respect was disgraceful and without excuse. Many districts have remedied matters since their attention was called to the subject, but the evil is yet far from being overcome. The danger to health, the lack of decency and the indifference of those in whose hands lies the remedy cannot be too strongly dwelt upon.

QUALIFICATIONS OF VOTERS.

I respectfully recommend that the law be so amended as to permit all persons qualified to vote at general county elections to vote at all school elections, and on all questions submitted to school districts for general approval or rejection. Probably no cause has been so effectual in preventing the improvement in school edifices in districts able in a money point of view, to build better ones than the "property qualification" of voters.

VENTILATION, HEATING, ETC.

In all new school houses the above subjects are receiving careful attention. In the old houses the conditions are such as to preclude important changes and the control is necessarily left to the wisdom and discretion of the teacher. It is with much gratification that I am able to report that there seems to be a rapidly increasing sentiment favoring the adoption of improved school furniture, blackboards and other conveniences of the school room.

In connection with the subjects of ventilation and heating I quote the following from a lecture upon "Sanitary Science" delivered before the Ada County Teacher's Institute, by Doctor

Jesse K. Dubois, who said: "To you, then, as instructors and "teachers, belongs the pleasant as well as difficult task of doing "all in your power to prevent disease. See that the water closets "are disinfected by chloride of lime, or a solution of copperas— "one pound to a gallon of water. See that the Trustees cause all "ponds and cess pools to be drained; that the school rooms are "airy, light and freshly whitewashed, that the drinking water is "clear and pure, and the drinking cups and buckets, clean. In- "sist upon the personal cleanliness of the scholars, and, above all, "impress upon the minds of the children the importance of pure "air and sunshine and the necessity of healthful exercise. The "school room should, if properly constructed have the windows "upon one side—or above—so that there may be no cross-lights "and that the light may not come directly in the faces of the "scholars. There should be at least 250 cubic feet of air to each per- "son; that is to say, a room 40 feet long by 20 feet wide and 10 "feet high ought not to accommodate more than 32 scholars. "There should always in Winter, or when artificial heat is re- "quired, be a pan or vessel of water on the stove to produce mois- "ture. As good ventilation as possible must be had, and the air "must be changed frequently, otherwise there would be an excess "of carbonic acid, and a consequent decrease of oxygen. The "temperature should be kept as nearly uniform as possible, and "an average of 70 degrees Fahrenheit should be steadily main- "tained."

ARBOR DAY.

Through the persistent efforts of His Excellency Governor Stevenson, a law was enacted setting apart the last Monday in April in each year as a holiday for the purpose of encouraging the planting and setting out of trees in the Territory. Following the custom now universally observed throughout the Union of endeavoring to foster a love of trees among the young and securing the services of the children in aiding to make the surroundings of the school homes more agreeable, I prepared programmes for suitable exercises, including copies of essays of our leading writers on the topic of preservation of our forests, and caused them to be distributed with a copy of the Governor's proclamation throughout the different counties. In many instances the

day was happily and profitable observed, but owing to the difference in climate and altitude, the date was found in some counties impracticable. Several districts which otherwise would have participated refrained for the reason that the fences around the school houses were insufficient to protect the trees from stock, and no money could be obtained to repair them or build new ones. The denudation of the country of its forests is a grave danger. Forestry Associations exist in nearly every state of the Union, and are encouraged by state aid.

TERRITORIAL SUPERINTENDENT'S SALARY.

The pay of this office is now twelve hundred dollars per annum. I submit that the recompense given is not sufficient, and that it should be increased to an amount sufficiently large to reimburse him for his outlays and expenses incurred.

SCHOOL LAW DECISIONS.

I have given written decisions as required in matters of "disputed points of school law" in a large number of cases, copies of which have been retained in this office, and in all visits made by me have frequently given oral decisions. No provision being made by which questions of fact may be decided, the Territorial Superintendent has been unable frequently to adjust matters of dispute which he otherwise might.

INDEPENDENT SCHOOL DISTRICTS.

The special acts creating the Independent Districts of Lewiston and Boise City, allow the determination of the qualifications of the teachers to rest with the Trustees, and virtually deprive the County and Territorial Superintendents of any authoritative supervision of their affairs Inasmuch as these schools deprive a portion of their income from the general county school fund, it seems to me that they should be made subject to the same rules of supervision as other common schools. The extraordinary powers conveyed by the special acts referred to precludes the correction of errors and the enforcing of some laws and regulations

Express power should be conferred upon the Territorial Superintendent to revoke for cause any teacher's license.

COUNTY INSTITUTES

Have been held in the counties of Cassia, Nez Perce, Latah Ada, Washington and Alturas, and have been marked by good attendance and lively interest. The advantages to teachers arising by reason of the interchange of thoughts, ideas, plans and methods, the discussion of educational questions, and the profit of united action is most beneficial. The law makes the holding of a teachers institute optional with the County Superintendent and should be changed, making it obligatory upon him to hold one in each year. Doubtless many of the Superintendents have failed to hold one for the reason that they did not feel competent to conduct its proceedings, not being practical teachers. As a way to remove such obstacle I respectfully suggest that the County Superintendent be authorized to appoint a deputy for the purpose of presiding and conducting such institute, to be paid for his services the sum of one hundred dollars, and that the sum now allowed by law for the expenses of holding such institute be increased to the same amount.

TEACHERS' ASSOCIATIONS

Have been formed in several counties in lieu of Institutes, the expenses of the meetings being borne by the teachers. With such determination on the part of the instructors to improve their profession, the Territory can do no less than to assist them in a pecuniary way.

VANDALISM.

Your attention is respectfully called to the fact that there is no section of the criminal code adequately providing for penalties for the crime of destroying public school property. The crime, except where the destruction is by fire, seems to be only a misdemeanor, and in a recent case brought to the attention of this office the lawless condition of the community and the feebleness of the law-abiding portion thereof is such that a prosecution for misdemeanor would be impossible, and might result in the destruction of the lives and property of the complaining witnesses. In this case the school house was badly damaged, the outhouses torn in pieces, and the well filled with debris. The buildings had been constructed by the voluntary labor and contributions of a

few citizens, who had the interests of the school at heart, and who dare not, by reason of their being so few, incur the enmity of the ruffians who committed the outrage by prosecuting them for misdemeanor, only.

From the reports of County Superintendents I present the following:

FROM SUPT. WM. C. HEASTON, ONEIDA COUNTY.

In regard to the apportionment of the public school moneys, Section 651, I would suggest that instead of counting one district for each fifty children or fraction over twenty-five, first divide one-half of the whole amount reported equally among the several districts regardless of the number of children, after which divide the other half per capita among the several districts in proportion to the number of children shown by the last census report.

Again, Section 667, Article 17, eleventh line, reads: "None but actual resident free holders or heads of families are entitled to vote, etc." I find that in a number of districts in the county where the people have tried to vote a tax for building or repairing school houses, transients, heads of families (on account of the disjunctive conjunction "or"), invariably vote against a tax; therefore, I would suggest the dropping of the "or." Further, I think ten mills on the dollar altogether inadequate for the building of school houses, but will not make any suggestions. I think that there are but very few districts in the county that would vote a tax of even ten mills for the building of school houses unless they (the Mormons) were sure of having the entire control of the public schools in the future. While we have a law compelling the child to attend school, we should have a law compelling parents to build school houses as well. I will say that the compulsory law has done considerable good in a great many districts throughout the county. The enforcement of the law in regard to text books on the effects of alcohol, etc., on the human system will, I am satisfied, prove to be a great help in guarding the young against the ill or bad effects of all narcotics."

FROM SUPT. CHAS. C. STEVENSON, ADA COUNTY.

The compulsory school law is a failure in Ada county."

FROM SUPT. J. D. ELLIOTT, CUSTER COUNTY.

"Our county, in general, is highly pleased with compulsory education, and, as far as I can tell, the law has been complied with."

FROM MRS. FRANCES BUTLER, SUPT. ALTURAS COUNTY.

"A number of commodious and substantial school houses have been built during the past two years. Bonds have been issued and sold to meet the expense of building in several districts, and in many other districts special taxes have been voted for the same purpose. In three instances magnificent brick buildings have been erected. Census reports for the past two years show an increase of 664 children. The greatest difficulty at present seems to be a lack of funds, several of the County Districts being barely able to keep school three months in the year.

"We have a compulsory education law, but it seems to me to be of little effect. It can be evaded too easily. The law in relation to branches to be taught and text books to be used in common schools seems to be very generally observed. High schools are established in districts which are not obliged by law to maintain such schools, and teachers of ungraded schools are sometimes found teaching high school branches. Physiology and hygine have been taught in most of the schools. In some places they were not favorably received, and trustees, as well as parents, have been heard to express the opinion that there is no use teaching physiology in "our" school. In several districts no text books are used by the pupils in this branch (effects of alcohol and other narcotics, etc.), a general exercise upon the subject being given occasionally by the teacher.

The first Teachers' Institute held in Alturas County convened at Hailey, December 17th, 1887. It was a grand success in point of attendance, instruction, entertainment and enthusiasm. The work in the day sessions was done by our own teachers, and was especially marked by its practical character. Large and enthusiastic audiences were present at evening sessions to hear instructive and and entertaining lectures delivered by Gen. George H. Roberts, Hon. Silas W. Moody and Dr. A. W. Kibbe, while one evening was devoted to miscellaneous exercises in which the

teachers were assisted by the best musical and literary talent of Hailey, etc. I am of the opinion that the appropriation for expenses of County Institutes should be at least $100 instead of $50."

FROM SUPT. HIRAM ROBBINS, OF IDAHO COUNTY.

"The Trustees of some of the districts are very careless and it seems that they will not take the interest they ought to take. I have visited all the schools which have been taught since I have been County Superintendent. The most of them have been well conducted, and the interest has been very good. In some cases the Trustees are men who have no families, and they do not care a straw if the district forfeits its portion of the school money."

FROM COL. W. W HAMMELL, SUPT OF SHOSHONE COUNTY.

"I do not know what the calibre of the average Trusee is in the remainder of Idaho, but in Shoshone County your "Trustees Report" blank is away beyond their comprehension, and none of them are exactly correct, although it is but justice to say, they make a fine bluff at it The schools in this County labor under great difficulty from the continued shifting of population, and also from the great size of all the school districts. The children that can attend school are remarkably regular in their attendance, but the majority in the present condition of the County are unable to travel the distance to their schools. Two new districts have been established since the present report, and by degrees, and as the people settle, we shall be able to a great extent to remedy the trouble."

[If required, copies of reports of County Superintendents in detail will be furnished the Assembly.]

CONCLUSION.

The Fourteenth Legislative Assembly having failed to provide funds for publishing the last biennial report of this office, I found myself unable to exchange reports with the Superintendents of Public Instruction throughout the United States, or to furnish copies requested by the United States Commissioner of

the Bureau of Education. Through the courtesy of Governor Stevenson, my annual reports (special) were embodied in his annual reports to the Secretary of the Interior, and have been printed and distributed, but as the supply was limited, and as the time when such reports were compiled was in each instance prior to the time when all reports had been made to this office, the information was necessarily incomplete. About the first question an Eastern person with a family asks when contemplating removal to Idaho is, "What are its educational advantages?" and it is highly desirable to be able to answer him in print.

Returning hearty thanks to all, both officials and citizens, who have everywhere lent cheerful aid to the endeavors of this office in advancing the cause of education throughout the Territory, I am,

Very respectfully, your obedient servant,

SILAS W. MOODY,

Territorial Superintendent of Public Instruction for Idaho.

TABLE OF STATISTICS

Prepared from Reports of County School Superintendents for the School Year beginning the First Monday in September, 1886, and including the Independent School Districts of Boise City and Emmettsville in Ada County, and Lewiston in Nez Perce County.

COUNTIES.	No. of district.	No. of school houses.	No. of schools.	No. of scholars.	No. of Libraries.	No. of volumes.	No. times school visited by Co. Supt. during school year.	No. of months of school during year.	Proportion of attendance—per cent.	No. of boys between 5 and 21 years of age.	No of girls between 5 and 21 years of age.	Total No. children between 5 and 21 years of age.	To cash paid for teachers' salaries.	To cash paid for sites, buildings, repairs and school furniture.	To cash paid for school libraries and apparatus.	To cash paid for rent, fuel and contingent expenses.	Total Debits.	By balance on hand at beginning of school year.	By cash received from the Territory.	By cash received from county taxes.	By cash received from district taxes.	By cash received from miscellaneous sources.	Total Credits.
Ada	37	35	46	1725	2	806	.....	591	79	1101	1081	2182	$19,166 98	$1,377 10	$5369 24	$3,582 20	$29,495 52	$1,687 83	.....	$12,366 70	$14,590 13	$1,446 46	$30,091 12
Alturas	36	26	39	1305	2	...	20	206	65	1165	1094	2259	15,738 67	27,941 24	66 00	2,920 20	46,666 11	2,876 79	.....	13,628 11	29,745 97	931 00	47,181 87
Bear Lake	15	12	14	750	.	...	20	84	...	929	861	1790	1,966 19	344 96	.....	.....	2,311 15	.....	.....	2,029 11	.....	1,813 14	3,842 25
Bingham	27	17	26	790	.	.	11	153½	30	1288	1247	2535	10,716 03	2,473 94	.....	390 46	13,580 43	428 19	.....	10,271 89	2,847 16	653 63	14,203 87
Boise	15	11	16	286	.	.	17	70	...	261	254	515	5,119 15	119 51	55 50	355 52	5,649 68	1,484 90	...	.....	..	5,375 10	6,860 00
Cassia	24	21	26	688	..	..	20	34½	70	674	570	1244	3,399 47	.....	.....	468 90	3,868 37	332 40	.....	5,074 68	.....	.....	5,407 08
Custer	9	4	7	217	..	.	7	41	72	169	134	303	3,027 50	.....	...	436 87	3,464 37	920 15	.....	3,216 04	.....	.....	4,136 19
Idaho	16	10	14	293	..	..	.....	.....	.....	348	313	661	2,622 35	.....	.....	206 10	2,828 45	.	.....	3,206 72	.....	. .	3,206 72
Kootenai	7	4	3	46	..	...	.....	9	27	191	167	358	290 00	.....	.....	.....	290 00	.....	.....	.....	.....		.....
Lemhi	9	9	10	.....	..	.	8	35	30	185	185	370	2,750 25	94 57	50 00	32 35	2,927 17	585 12	.....	2,662 07	...		3,247 19
Nez Perce	52	42	64	1693	.	.	35	195	70	1271	1194	2465	8,974 28	664 03	363 91	408 99	10,411 21	1,774 78	1015 12	9,283 03	1,00		13,173 43
Oneida	25	5	22	1312	3	24	.....	124	...	1185	1079	2264	4,445 35	.....	.....	753 45	5,198 80	.....	.....	6,137 77	...		6,137 77
Owyhee	10	13	13	212	..	..	12	68¾	52	148	165	313	5,595 75	496 82	55 20	257 17	6,404 94	6,159 19	. .	6,261 39	...		2,675 78
Shoshone	10	8	7	.....	..	.	16	28	47	179	139	318	1,646 00	320 00	. . .	349 70	2,315 70	. . . .	. . .	3,769 54	.....		4,235 29
Washington	26	21	27	556	..	...	.....	.....	.	458	520	978	.....	. . .	.....	.....	5,684 77	.....	.....	.....	.....		5,773 95
Total	318	238	334	9873	7	830	172	1710¼		9552	9003	18,555	85,457 97	33,832 17	5959 85	10,161 91	141,096 67	16,249 35	1015 12	78,006 05	48,184 76	10,943 28	160,172 51

STATISTICS FOR THE YEAR BEGINNING FIRST MONDAY IN SEPTEMBER 1886.

ADA COUNTY, I T—REV. GEO. H. DAVIS, COUNTY SCHOOL SUPT.

Number of districts	37
Number of schools	46
Number of school houses	35
School houses owned by district	33
Scholars enrolled	1725
Libraries	2
Volumes in libraries	806
Visits made by Superintendent	All schools in session.
Visits made by Trustees	157
Visits of Trustees due and not made	434
Highest salary paid Teacher (per month)	$150 00
Lowest " " "	37 00
Number of months schools were taught	591
Proportional attendance	79 per cent.

SCHOOL CENSUS REPORT.

Number of boys between 5 and 21 years old	1,101
Number of girls between 5 and 21 years old	1,081
Total children	2,182

Number of Teachers' Institutes held	1
Number of Teachers who attended	——
Number of Teachers who did not attend	——

SCHOOL FINANCES.

RECEIPTS

By cash from balance on hand	$ 1,677 83
By cash from County taxes	12,366 70
By cash from District taxes	14,590 13
By cash from miscellaneous sources	1,446 46
Total	$30,091 12

DISBURSEMENTS.

Cash paid for Teachers' salaries and Janitor	$19,166 98
Cash paid for sites, buildings, repairs, school furniture	1,377 10
Cash paid for school libraries and apparatus	5,369 24
Cash paid for rent, fuel and contingent expenses	3,582 20
Total	$29,459 52

Total receipts	$30,091 12
Total disbursements	29,495 52
Balance	$ 595 60
Outstanding certificates and other indebtedness, not including District bonds	$ 1298 90

(Includes Boise City and Emmettsville independent districts.)

STATISTICS FOR THE YEAR BEGINNING FIRST MONDAY IN SEPTEMBER 1886.

BOISE CITY INDEPENDENT SCHOOL DISTRICT, ADA COUNTY, I. T.

CHAS. HIMROD, CLERK.

Number of Districts	1
Number of Schools	10
Number of School Houses	2
School Houses owned by District	2
Sholars Enrolled	603
Libraries	1
Volumes in Libraries	800
Visits made by Superintendents	——
Visits made by Trustees	Frequent
Visits of Trustees due and not made	——
Highest Salary paid Teacher (per month)	$150 00
Lowest Salary paid Teacher " "	——
Number months schools were taught	9
Proportional attendance	506

SCHOOL CENSUS REPORT.

Number of Boys between 5 and 21 years old	304
Number of girls between 5 and 21 years old	363
Total children " " "	667

Number of Teachers' institutes held	——
Number of Teachers who attended	——
Number of Teachers who did not attend	——

SCHOOL FINANCES.

RECEIPTS.

By cash balance on hand	$ 67 58
By cash from county taxes	3,435 97
By cash from district taxes	11,137 84
By cash from miscellaneous sources	480 60
Total	$15,121 99

DISBURSEMENTS.

Cash paid for Teachers' salaries and Janitor	$ 8,250 50
Cash paid for sites, buildings, repairs, school furniture	51 82
Cash paid for bonds redeemed and interest	5,305 00
Cash paid for rent, fuel and contingent expenses and insurance	1,861 48
Total	$15,468 80

Total receipts	$15,121 99
Total disbursements	15,468 80
Balance	$ 346 81
Outstanding certificates and other indebtedness, not including district bonds,	$ 346 81

STATISTICS FOR THE YEAR BEGINNING FIRST MONDAY IN SEPTEMBER 1886.

EMMETTSVILLE IND. SCHOOL DIST., ADA COUNTY, I. T, E. C. BLANCHARD, CLERK. C. C STEVENSON, COUNTY SCHOOL SUPT.

Number of districts	1
Number of schools	2
Number of school houses	1
School houses owned by district	1
Scholars enrolled	77
Libraries	1
Volumes in libraries	6
Visits made by Superintendent	1
Visits made by Trustees	——
Visits of Trustees due and not made	——
Highest salary paid Teacher (per month)	$75 00
Lowest salary paid Teacher "	50 00
Number of months schools were taught	6
Pproportional attendance	65 per cent.

SCHOOL CENSUS REPORT.

Number of boys between 5 and 21 years old	65
Number of girls between 5 and 21 years old	54
Total children " " "	119
Number of Teachers' institutes held	——
Number of Teachers who attended	——
Number of Teachers who did not attend	——

SCHOOL FINANCES.

RECEIPTS

By cash balance on hand	$ 24 60
By cash from County taxes	494 07
By cash from District taxes	715 79
By cash from miscellaneous scources	47 00
Total	$1,281 46

DISBURSEMENTS.

Cash paid for Teachers' salaries	$ 750 00
Cash paid for sites, building, repairs, school furniture	
Cash paid for school libraries and apparatus	
Cash paid for rent, fuel and contingent expenses	438 00
Total disbursement	1,188 00
Total receipts	$1,281 46
Total disbursements	1,188 00
Balance	$ 93 46
Outstanding certificates and other indebtedness, not including District bonds	$——

STATISTICS FOR THE YEAR BEGINNING FIRST MONDAY IN SEPTEMBER 1886.

ALTURAS COUNTY, I. T.—MRS. FRANCES BUTLER, COUNTY SCHOOL SUPT.

Number of Districts	36
Number of Schools	39
Number of School Houses	26
School Houses owned by District	26
Scholars Enrolled	1305
Libraries	2
Volumes in Libraries	—
Visits made by Superintendent	20
Visits made by Trustees	209
Visits of Trustees due and not made	—
Highest Salary paid Teacher (per month)	—
Lowest Salary paid Teacher " "	—
Number months schools were taught	206
Proportional attendance	65 per cent.

SCHOOL CENSUS REPORT.

Number of Boys between 5 and 21 years old	1165
Number of girls between 5 and 21 years old	1094
Total children " " "	2259

Number of Teachers' institutes held	None
Number of Teachers who attended	—
Number of Teachers who did not attend	—

SCHOOL FINANCES.

RECEIPTS.

By cash balance on hand	$ 2,876 79
By cash from county taxes	13,628 11
By cash from district taxes and bonds	29,745 97
By cash from miscellaneous sources	931 00
Total	$47,181 87

DISBURSEMENTS.

Cash paid for Teachers' salaries, etc	$15,738 67
Cash paid for sites, buildings, repairs, school furniture	27,941 24
Cash paid for school libraries and apparatus	66 00
Cash paid for rent, fuel and contingent expenses	2,920 20
Total	$46,666 11

Total receipts	$47,181 87
Total disbursements	46,666 11
Balance	$ 515 76
Outstanding certificates and other indebtedness, not including district bonds,	$ 2,147 14

STATISTICS FOR THE YEAR BEGINNING FIRST MONDAY IN SEPTEMBER 1886.

BINGHAM COUNTY, I. T.—W. P. P. ST. CLAIR, COUNTY SCHOOL SUPT.

Number of districts	27
Number of schools	26
Number of school houses	17
School houses owned by district	17
Scholars enrolled	790
Libraries	1
Volumes in libraries	75
Visits made by Superintendent	11
Visits made by Trustees	171
Visits of Trustees due and not made	288
Highest salary paid Teacher (per month)	$100 00
Lowest " " "	40 00
Number of months schools were taught	153½
Proportional attendance	30 per cent.

SCHOOL CENSUS REPORT.

Number of boys between 5 and 21 years old	1,288
Number of girls between 5 and 21 years old	1,247
Total children " " "	2,535

Number of Teachers' Institutes held	None
Number of Teachers who attended	——
Number of Teachers who did not attend	——

SCHOOL FINANCES.

RECEIPTS

By cash balance on hand	$ 428 19
By cash from County taxes	10,271 89
By cash from District taxes	2,847 16
By cash from miscellaneous sources	656 63
Total	$14,203 87

DISBURSEMENTS.

Cash paid for Teachers' salaries	$10,716 03
Cash paid for sites, buildings, repairs, school furniture	2,473 94
Cash paid for school libraries and apparatus	
Cash paid for rent, fuel and contingent expenses	390 46
Total	$13,580 43

Total receipts	$14,203 87
Total disbursements	13,580 43
Balance	$ 623 44
Outstanding certificates and other indebtedness, not including District bonds	$ 43 43

STATISTICS FOR THE YEAR BEGINNING FIRST MONDAY IN SEPTEMBER 1886.

BEAR LAKE COUNTY, I. T.—R. KENNINGTON, COUNTY SCHOOL SUPT.

Number of districts	15
Number of schools	14
Number of school houses	12
School houses owned by district	3
Scholars enrolled	750
Libraries	—
Volumes in libraries	—
Visits made by Superintendent	26
Visits made by Trustees	77
Visits of Trustees due and not made	475
Highest salary paid Teacher (per month)	$71 00
Lowest " " "	12 00
Number of months schools were taught	184
Proportional attendance	—

SCHOOL CENSUS REPORT.

Number of boys between 5 and 21 years old	929
Number of girls between 5 and 21 years old	861
Total children " " "	1,790

Number of Teachers' Institutes held	None
Number of Teachers who attended	—
Number of Teachers who did not attend	—

SCHOOL FINANCES.

RECEIPTS

By cash from Territory	$—
By cash from County taxes	2,029 11
By cash from District taxes	—
By cash from miscellaneous sources	1,813 14
Total	$3,842 25

DISBURSEMENTS.

Cash paid for Teachers' salaries and Janitor	$ 1,966 19
Cash paid for sites, buildings, repairs, school furniture	344 96
Cash paid for school libraries and apparatus	—
Cash paid for rent, fuel and contingent expenses	—
Total	$2,311 15

Total receipts	$3,842 25
Total disbursements	2,311 15
Balance	$1,531 10
Outstanding certificates and other indebtedness, not including District bonds	$—

STATISTICS FOR THE YEAR BEGINNING FIRST MONDAY IN SEPTEMBER 1886.

BOISE COUNTY, I. T.—W. J. ROTHWELL, COUNTY SCHOOL SUPT.

Number of districts	15
Number of schools	16
Number of school houses	11
School houses owned by district	10
Scholars enrolled	286
Libraries	
Volumes in libraries	
Visits made by Superintendent	17
Visits made by Trustees	49
Visits of Trustees due and not made	161
Highest salary paid Teacher (per month)	$100 00
Lowest salary paid Teacher "	33 33
Number of months schools were taught	70
Proportional attendance	

SCHOOL CENSUS REPORT.

Number of boys between 5 and 21 years old	261
Number of girls between 5 and 21 years old	254
Total children " " "	515

Number of Teachers' institutes held	None
Number of Teachers who attended	——
Number of Teachers who did not attend	——

SCHOOL FINANCES.

RECEIPTS

By cash on hand beginning of year	$1,484 90
By cash from County taxes	
By cash from District taxes	
By cash from miscellaneous scources	5,375 10
Total	$6,860 00

DISBURSEMENTS.

Cash paid for Teachers' salaries	$5,119 15
Cash paid for sites, buildings, repairs, school furniture	119 51
Cash paid for school libraries and apparatus	55 50
Cash paid for rent, fuel and contingent expenses	355 52
Total disbursement	5,649 68

Total receipts	$6,860 00
Total disbursements	5,649 68
Balance	$1,210 32
Outstanding certificates and other indebtedness, not including District bonds	$——

STATISTICS FOR THE YEAR BEGINNING FIRST MONDAY IN SEPTEMBER 1886.

CASSIA COUNTY, I. T.—O. R. HALE, COUNTY SCHOOL SUPT.

Number of districts	24
Number of schools	26
Number of school houses	21
School houses owned by district	21
Scholars enrolled	688
Libraries	—
Volumes in libraries	—
Visits made by Superintendent	20
Visits made by Trustees	77
Visits of Trustees due and not made	133
Highest salary paid Teacher (per month)	$60 00
Lowest " " "	30 00
Number of months schools were taught	70½
Proportional attendance	70 per cent.

SCHOOL CENSUS REPORT.

Number of boys between 5 and 21 years old	674
Number of girls between 5 and 21 years old	570
Total children " " "	1244

Number of Teachers' Institutes held	None
Number of Teachers who attended	—
Number of Teachers who did not attend	—

SCHOOL FINANCES.

RECEIPTS.

By cash balance beginning year	$ 332 40
By cash from County taxes	5,074 68
By cash from District taxes	—
By cash from miscellaneous sources	—
Total	$5,407 08

DISBURSEMENTS.

Cash paid for Teachers' salaries	$3,339 47
Cash paid for sites, buildings, repairs, school furniture	—
Cash paid for school libraries and apparatus	
Cash paid for rent, fuel and contingent expenses	468 90
Total	$3,868 37

Total receipts	$ 5,407 08
Total disbursements	3,868 37
Balance	$ 1,538 71
Outstanding certificates and other indebtedness, not including District bonds	$ —

STATISTICS FOR THE YEAR BEGINNING FIRST MONDAY IN SEPTEMBER 1886.

CUSTER COUNTY, I. T.—WILLIAM E. TRAPP, COUNTY SCHOOL SUPT.

Number of districts	9
Number of schools	7
Number of school houses	4
School houses owned by district	4
Scholars enrolled	217
Libraries	
Volumes in libraries	
Visits made by Superintendent	7
Visits made by Trustees	26
Visits of Trustees due and not made	76
Highest salary paid Teacher (per month)	$100 00
Lowest salary paid Teacher "	65 00
Number of months schools were taught	34½
Proportional attendance	72 per cent

SCHOOL CENSUS REPORT.

Number of boys between 5 and 21 years old	169
Number of girls between 5 and 21 years old	134
Total children " " "	303

Number of Teachers' institutes held	None
Number of Teachers who attended	——
Number of Teachers who did not attend	——

SCHOOL FINANCES.

RECEIPTS.

By cash bal. on hand beginning of year	$920 15
By cash from County taxes	3,216 04
By cash from District taxes	
By cash from miscellaneous scources	
Total	$4,136 19

DISBURSEMENTS.

Cash paid for Teachers' salaries	$3,027 50
Cash paid for sites, buildings, repairs, school furniture	
Cash paid for school libraries and apparatus	
Cash paid for rent, fuel and contingent expenses	436 87
Total disbursement	3,464 37

Total receipts	$4,136 19
Total disbursements	3,464 37
Balance	$671 82
Outstanding certificates and other indebtedness, not including District bonds	$140 50

STATISTICS FOR THE YEAR BEGINNING FIRST MONDAY IN SEPTEMBER 1886.

IDAHO COUNTY, I. T.—T. J. RHOADS, COUNTY SCHOOL SUPT.

Number of Districts	16
Number of Schools	14
Number of School Houses	10
School Houses owned by District	—
Scholars Enrolled	293
Libraries	—
Volumes in Libraries	2
Visits made by Superintendent	—
Visits made by Trustees	—
Visits of Trustees due and not made	—
Highest Salary paid Teacher (per month)	$80 00
Lowest Salary paid Teacher " "	—
Number months schools were taught	41
Proportional attendance	—

SCHOOL CENSUS REPORT.

Number of Boys between 5 and 21 years old	348
Number of girls between 5 and 21 years old	313
Total children " " "	661

Number of Teachers' institutes held	None
Number of Teachers who attended	—
Number of Teachers who did not attend	—

SCHOOL FINANCES.

RECEIPTS.

By cash from Territory	$
By cash from county taxes	3,206 72
By cash from district taxes and bonds	
By cash from miscellaneous sources	
Total	$3,206 72

DISBURSEMENTS.

Cash paid for Teachers' salaries, etc	$2,622 35
Cash paid for sites, buildings, repairs, school furniture	
Cash paid for school libraries and apparatus	
Cash paid for rent, fuel and contingent expenses	206 10
Total	$2,828 45

Total receipts	$3,206 72
Total disbursements	2,828 35
Balance	$378 37
Outstanding certificates and other indebtedness, not including district bonds,	$

STATISTICS FOR THE YEAR BEGINNING FIRST MONDAY IN SEPTEMBER 1886.

KOOTENAI COUNTY, I. T.—MARK W. MUSGROVE, COUNTY SCHOOL SUPT.

Number of Districts	7
Number of Schools	3
Number of School Houses	4
School Houses owned by District	2
Scholars Enrolled	46
Libraries	—
Volumes in Libraries	—
Visits made by Superintendent	—
Visits made by Trustees	6
Visits of Trustees due and not made	21
Highest Salary paid Teacher (per month)	$55 00
Lowest Salary paid Teacher " "	50 00
Number months schools were taught	9
Proportional attendance	.27

SCHOOL CENSUS REPORT.

Number of Boys between 5 and 21 years old	191
Number of girls between 5 and 21 years old	167
Total children " " "	358

Number of Teachers' institutes held	None
Number of Teachers who attended	—
Number of Teachers who did not attend	—

SCHOOL FINANCES.

RECEIPTS.

By cash from Territory	$
By cash from county taxes	
By cash from district taxes and bonds	
By cash from miscellaneous sources	
Total	

DISBURSEMENTS.

Cash paid for Teachers' salaries,	$290 00
Cash paid for sites, buildings, repairs, school furniture	
Cash paid for school libraries and apparatus	
Cash paid for rent, fuel and contingent expenses	
Total	$290 00

Total receipts	Not reported
Total disbursements	290 00
In Treasury	$100 27
Outstanding certificates and other indebtedness, not including district bonds,	$

STATISTICS FOR THE YEAR BEGINNING FIRST MONDAY IN SEPTEMBER 1886.

LEMHI COUNTY, I. T.—O. W. MINTZER, COUNTY SCHOOL SUPT.

Number of districts	9
Number of schools	10
Number of school houses	9
School houses owned by district	9
Scholars enrolled	
Libraries	
Volumes in libraries	
Visits made by Superintendent	7
Visits made by Trustees	
Visits of Trustees due and not made	95
Highest salary paid Teacher (per month)	$80 00
Lowest salary paid Teacher "	40 00
Number of months schools were taught	35
Proportional attendance	About 30 per cent

SCHOOL CENSUS REPORT.

Number of boys between 5 and 21 years old	185
Number of girls between 5 and 21 years old	185
Total children " " "	370

Number of Teachers' institutes held	None
Number of Teachers who attended	——
Number of Teachers who did not attend	——

SCHOOL FINANCES.

RECEIPTS.

By cash bal. on hand beginning of year	$585 12
By cash from County taxes	2,662 07
By cash from District taxes	
By cash from miscellaneous scources	
Total	$3,247 19

DISBURSEMENTS.

Cash paid for Teachers' salaries	$2,750 25
Cash paid for sites, buildings, repairs, school furniture	94 57
Cash paid for school libraries and apparatus	50 00
Cash paid for rent, fuel and contingent expenses	32 35
Total	2,927 17

Total receipts	$3,247 19
Total disbursements	2,927 17
Balance	$320 02
Outstanding certificates and other indebtedness, not including District bonds	$7 64

STATISTICS FOR THE YEAR BEGINNING FIRST MONDAY IN SEPTEMBER 1886.

NEZ PERCE COUNTY, I. T.—J. W. LIENALLEN, COUNTY SCHOOL SUPT.

Number of Districts	52
Number of Schools	64
Number of School Houses	42
School Houses owned by District	38
Scholars Enrolled	1693
Libraries	—
Volumes in Libraries	—
Visits made by Superintendent	35
Visits made by Trustees	87
Visits of Trustees due and not made	498
Highest Salary paid Teacher (per month)	$65 00
Lowest Salary paid Teacher " "	30 00
Number months schools were taught	195
Proportional attendance	70 per cent

SCHOOL CENSUS REPORT.

Number of Boys between 5 and 21 years old	1271
Number of girls between 5 and 21 years old	1194
Total children " " "	2465

Number of Teachers' institutes held	1
Number of Teachers who attended	26
Number of Teachers who did not attend	20

SCHOOL FINANCES.

RECEIPTS.

By cash from Territory	$1015 12
By cash balance on hand	1774 78
By cash from county taxes	9382 03
By cash from district taxes and bonds	1001 50
Total	$13,173 43

DISBURSEMENTS.

Cash paid for Teachers' salaries	$8974 28
Cash paid for sites, buildings, repairs, school furniture	664 03
Cash paid for school libraries and apparatus	363 91
Cash paid for rent, fuel and contingent expenses	408 99
Total	$10,411 21

Total receipts	$13,173 43
Total disbursements	$10,411 21
In Treasury	$ 2762 22
Outstanding certificates and other indebtedness, not including district bonds,	$ 13 17

STATISTICS FOR THE YEAR BEGINNING FIRST MONDAY IN SEPTEMBER 1886.

INDEPENDENT SCHOOL DISTRICT OF LEWISTON, NEZ PERCE COUNTY, I. T.—RICHARD J. MONROE, SCHOOL SUPT.

Number of districts	1
Number of schools	5
Number of school houses	2
School houses owned by district	2
Scholars enrolled	
Libraries	1
Volumes in libraries	40
Visits made by Superintendent	—
Visits made by Trustees	—
Visits of Trustees due and not made	—
Highest salary paid Teacher (per month)	$125 00
Lowest " " "	50 00
Number of months schools were taught	9
Proportional attendance	73 per cent.

SCHOOL CENSUS REPORT.

Number of boys between 5 and 21 years old	168
Number of girls between 5 and 21 years old	149
Total children " " "	317

Number of Teachers' Institutes held	None
Number of Teachers who attended	—
Number of Teachers who did not attend	—

SCHOOL FINANCES.

RECEIPTS.

By cash balance on hand	$ 105 00
By cash from County taxes	229 52
By cash from District taxes	5,248 11
By cash from miscellaneous sources	—
Total	$5,582 63

DISBURSEMENTS.

Cash paid for Teachers' salaries	$3,120 00
Cash paid for sites, buildings, repairs, school furniture	232 91
Cash paid for school libraries and apparatus	
Cash paid for rent, fuel and contingent expenses	1943 11
Total	$5,396 02

Total receipts	$ 5,582 63
Total disbursements	5,396 02
Balance	$ 186 61
Outstanding certificates and other indebtedness, not including District bonds	$ —

STATISTICS FOR THE YEAR BEGINNING FIRST MONDAY IN SEPTEMBER 1888.

ONEIDA COUNTY, I. T.—W. C. HEASTON, SCHOOL SUPT.

Number of districts	25
Number of schools	22
Number of school houses	5
School houses owned by district	5
Scholars enrolled	1312
Libraries	3
Volumes in libraries	24
Visits made by Superintendent	—
Visits made by Trustees	221
Visits of Trustees due and not made	151
Highest salary paid Teacher (per month)	$62 50
Lowest " " "	20 00
Number of months schools were taught	124
Proportional attendance	—

SCHOOL CENSUS REPORT.

Number of boys between 5 and 21 years old	1,185
Number of girls between 5 and 21 years old	1,079
Total children " " "	2,264

Number of Teachers' Institutes held	—
Number of Teachers who attended	—
Number of Teachers who did not attend	—

SCHOOL FINANCES.

RECEIPTS.

By cash	
By cash from County taxes	
By cash from District taxes	
By cash from miscellaneous sources	$6,137 77
Total	$6,137 77

DISBURSEMENTS.

Cash paid for Teachers' salaries	$4,445 35
Cash paid for sites, buildings, repairs, school furniture	
Cash paid for school libraries and apparatus	
Cash paid for rent, fuel and contingent expenses	753 45
Total	$5,198 80

Total receipts	$6,137 77
Total disbursements	5,198 80
Balance	$ 938 97
Outstanding certificates and other indebtedness, not including District bonds	$ 30 62

STATISTICS FOR THE YEAR BEGINNING FIRST MONDAY IN SEPTEMBER 1886.

OWYHEE COUNTY, I. T.—JAMES LYNAM COUNTY SCHOOL SUPT.

Number of districts	10
Number of schools	13
Number of school houses	13
School houses owned by district	8
Scholars enrolled	212
Libraries	
Volumes in libraries	
Visits made by Superintendent	12
Visits made by Trustees	
Visits of Trustees due	204
Highest salary paid Teacher (per month)	$125 00
Lowest salary paid Teacher "	60 00
Number of months schools were taught	68¾
Proportional attendance	52 per cent

SCHOOL CENSUS REPORT.

Number of boys between 5 and 21 years old	148
Number of girls between 5 and 21 years old	165
Total children " " "	313

Number of Teachers' institutes held	None
Number of Teachers who attended	——
Number of Teachers who did not attend	——

SCHOOL FINANCES.

RECEIPTS.

By cash from Territory (bal.)	6,159 19
By cash from County taxes	6,261 39
By cash from District taxes	
By cash from miscellaneous scources	255 20
Total	12,675 78

DISBURSEMENTS.

Cash paid for Teachers' salaries	$5,595 75
Cash paid for sites, buildings, repairs, school furniture	496 82
Cash paid for school libraries and apparatus	55 20
Cash paid for rent, fuel and contingent expenses	257 17
Total	$6,404 94

Total receipts	$12,675 78
Total disbursements	6,404 94
Balance	$6,270 84
Outstanding certificates and other indebtedness, not including District bonds	$

STATISTICS FOR THE YEAR BEGINNING FIRST MONDAY IN SEPTEMBER 1886.

SHOSHONE COUNTY, I. T.—W. W. HAMMEL, COUNTY SCHOOL SUPT.

Number of Districts	10
Number of Schools	7
Number of School Houses	8
School Houses owned by District	5
Scholars Enrolled	
Libraries	1
Volumes in Libraries	10
Visits made by Superintendent	16
Visits made by Trustees	46
Visits of Trustees due and not made	38
Highest Salary paid Teacher (per month)	$90 00
Lowest Salary paid Teacher " "	30 00
Number months schools were taught	28
Proportional attendance	47 per cent

SCHOOL CENSUS REPORT.

Number of Boys between 5 and 21 years old	179
Number of girls between 5 and 21 years old	139
Total children " " "	318

Number of Teachers' institutes held	None
Number of Teachers who attended	
Number of Teachers who did not attend	

SCHOOL FINANCES.

RECEIPTS

By cash from Territory	
By cash from county taxes	3769 54
By cash from district taxes	
By cash from miscellaneous sources	465 75
Total	$4,235 29

DISBURSEMENTS

Cash paid for Teachers' salaries	$1646 00
Cash paid for sites, buildings, repairs, school furniture	320 00
Cash paid for school libraries and apparatus	
Cash paid for rent, fuel and contingent expenses	349 70
Total	$2,315 70
Total receipts	$4,235 29
Total disbursements	$2,315 70
Balance	$ 1919 59
Outstanding certificates and other indebtedness, not including district bonds,	$

STATISTICS FOR THE YEAR BEGINNING FIRST MONDAY IN SEPTEMBER 1888.

WASHINGTON COUNTY, I. T.—REV. L. L. SHEARER, COUNTY SCHOOL SUPT.

Number of districts	26
Number of schools	27
Number of school houses	21
School houses owned by district	
Scholars enrolled	556
Libraries	
Volumes in libraries	
Visits made by Superintendent	
Visits made by Trustees	
Visits of Trustees due and not made	
Highest salary paid Teacher (per month)	$75 00
Lowest salary paid Teacher "	35 00
Number of months schools were taught	
Proportional attendance	

SCHOOL CENSUS REPORT.

Number of boys between 5 and 21 years old	458
Number of girls between 5 and 21 years old	520
Total children " " "	978

Number of Teachers' institutes held	1
Number of Teachers who attended	——
Number of Teachers who did not attend	——

SCHOOL FINANCES.

RECEIPTS.

By cash bal. on hand beginning of year	
By cash from County taxes	
By cash from District taxes	
By cash from miscellaneous scources	
Total	

DISBURSEMENTS.

Cash paid for Teachers' salaries	
Cash paid for sites, buildings, repairs, school furniture	
Cash paid for school libraries and apparatus	
Cash paid for rent, fuel and contingent expenses	
Total	

Total receipts	$5,773 95
Total disbursements	5,684 77
Balance	$89 18
Outstanding certificates and other indebtedness, not including District bonds	$

TABLE OF STATISTICS

Prepared from Reports of County School Superintendents for the School Year beginning the First Monday in September, 1887, and including the Independent Districts of Boise City and Emmettsville in Ada County, and Lewiston in Nez Perce County, and Moscow in Latah County, under dates and for periods shown in separate reports.

COUNTIES.	No. of district.	No. of school houses.	No. of schools.	No. of scholars.	No. of Libraries.	No. of volumes.	No. times school visited by Co. Supt. during school year.	No. of months of school during year.	Proportion of attendance—per cent.	No. of boys between 5 and 21 years of age.	No. of girls between 5 and 21 years of age.	Total No. children between 5 and 21 years of age.	To cash paid for teachers' salaries.	To cash paid for sites, buildings, repairs and school furniture.	To cash paid for school libraries and apparatus.	To cash paid for rent, fuel and contingent expenses.	Total Debits.	By balance on hand at beginning of school year.	By cash received from county taxes.	By cash received from district taxes.	By cash received from miscellaneous sources.	Total Credits.
Ada	38	30	49	1,710	2	801	18	164	71	1210	1178	2388	$ 16,671 63	$ 1,809 16	$ 62 50	$ 8953 72	$ 27,497 01	$ 1824 65	$ 13,704 98	$ 13,955 86	$ 289 75	$ 29,775 24
Alturas	40	26	25	1,559	6	565	45	216	65	1382	1286	2668	19,001 49	13,382 45	519 80	3501 25	36,404 99	2567 39	18,333 48	† 3,918 23	1230 50	38,049 60
Bear Lake	15	15	14	686	..	....	36	92	.	1040	1010	2050	2,373 43	.....	.....	633 92	3,007 35	....	2,348 69	538 40	20 00	2,907 09
Bingham	26	27	30	1,076	3	120	13	168	63	1217	1107	2324	11,101 57	986 60	213 64	1580 50	13,882 31	585 18	15,797 63	2,750 70	..	19,133 51
Boise	15	16	16	361	1	11	16	86	58	352	316	668	6,090 60	311 37	....	314 33	6,716 30	1292 32	7,981 21	.....	.....	9,273 53
Cassia	24	19	25	867	..	...	27	143	57	704	646	1350	5,917 04	595 05	.....	486 48	6,998 57	1538 71	7,512 27	.....	.....	9,050 98
Custer	10	7	9	168	..	....	8	37½	54	170	142	312	2,352 50	.....	.....	646 85	3,499 35	561 44	3,919 88	.....	.....	4,481 32
Idaho	20	12	22	510	.	...	19	65¾	71	392	346	738	2,851 50	3 90	117 10	158 13	3,130 63	305 98	2,190 08	.....	60 00	2,556 06
Kootenai	7	6	6	.....	..	..	9	18¾	.	67	78	145	767 66	1,177 35	.....	123 50	2,068 51	100 27	1,641 85	.....	.....	1,742 12
Latah	46	41	54	668	..	..	21	71	78	1188	1066	2354	1,807 75	.....	.....	37 88	1,845 63	2877 07	.....	.....	.....	2,877 07
Lemhi	9	8	10	264	..	.	9	39	57	225	227	452	3,077 00	7 64	.....	244 04	3,328 68	329 66	3,973 78	.....	.....	4,303 44
Nez Perce	12	9	13	306	..	..	4	39	54	381	328	709	1,410 66	23 45	.....	94 17	1,528 28	458 79	1,409 79	66 78	147 34	2,082 70
Lewiston*	...	..	..	.....	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	...	.....	.....	..	.....	6,200 73	..	.....	..	.....	6,262 22
Oneida	25	9	27	1,133	.	..	25	116½	47	1245	1141	2386	4,485 81	87 50	163 90	595 63	5,332 84	754 78	5,170 54	..	.....	5,925 32
Owyhee	11	13	13	214	1	300	15	81⅛	..	165	148	313	6,478 70	557 45	.....	404 32	7,440 47	6270 84	6,847 60	..	218 85	13,337 29
Shoshone	11	10	9	218	..	.	22	54¾	34	270	233	503	3,852 25	174 72	.....	859 67	4,886 64	1319 39	4,453 57	46 77	174 72	6,594 45
Washington	28	20	23	693	..	.	25	91	..	318	552	870	4,171 22	280 70	....	442 35	4,894 27	335 43	5,717 18	34 00	294 00	6,380 61
Total	337	268	365	10,433	12	1797	312	1483⅜	..	10326	9804	20130	$92,910 81	$19,397 34	$1076 94	$19.076 74	$138,662 56	$21,721 90	$101,002 53	$33,310 74	$2,435 16	$164,732 55

*Independent district as per special report July 13, 1888, to Governor.
†Bonds, $12,000.

STATISTICS FOR THE YEAR BEGINNING FIRST MONDAY IN SEPTEMBER 1887.

ADA COUNTY, I. T., C. C. STEVENSON, COUNTY SCHOOL SUPT.

Number of Districts	38
Number of Schools	49
Number of School houses	30
School houses owned by District	24
Scholars enrolled	1710
Libraries	2
Volumes in libraries	801
Visits made by Superintendent	18
Visits made by Trustees	152
Visits of Trustees due and not made	313
Highest salary paid Teacher (per month)	$150 00
Lowest salary paid Teacher (per month)	30 00
Number of months schools were taught	164
Proportional attendance	71 per cent.

SCHOOL CENSUS REPORT.

Number of boys between 5 and 21 years old	1210
Number of girls " " "	1178
Total children " " "	2388

Number of Teachers' institutes held	1
Number of Teachers who attended	—
Number of Teachers who did not attend	—

SCHOOL FINANCES.

RECEIPTS.

By cash balance on hand	$ 1,824 65
By cash from County taxes	13,704 98
By cash from District taxes	13,955 86
By cash from miscellaneous sources	289 75
Total	$29,775 24

DISBURSEMENTS.

Cash paid for Teachers' salaries and Janitors	$16,671 63
Cash paid for sites, buildings, repairs, school furniture	1,809 16
Cash paid for school libraries and apparatus	62 50
Cash paid for rent, fuel, and contingent expenses	8,953 72
Total	$27,497 01
Total receipts	$29,775 24
Total disbursements	27,497 01
Balance	2,278 23
Outstanding certificates and other indebtedness, not including District bonds	$6 23

(Includes Boise City and Emmettsville Independent Districts.)

STATISTICS FOR THE YEAR BEGINNING FIRST MONDAY IN SEPTEMBER 1887.

INDEPENDENT SCHOOL DISTRICT OF ADA COUNTY, I. T. — CHARLES HIMROD, CLERK.

Number of Districts	1
Number of Schools	2
Number of School Houses	10
School Houses owned by District	2
Scholars Enrolled	589
Libraries	1
Volumes in Libraries	800
Visits made by Superintendent	—
Visits made by Trustees	13
Visits of Trustees due and not made	—
Highest Salary paid Teacher (per month)	$150 00
Lowest Salary paid Teacher " "	—
Number months schools were taught	9
Proportional attendance	96 per cent

SCHOOL CENSUS REPORT.

Number of Boys between 5 and 21 years old	315
Number of girls between 5 and 21 years old	345
Total children " " "	660

Number of Teachers' institutes held.....

Number of Teachers who attended.....

Number of Teachers who did not attend.....

SCHOOL FINANCES.

RECEIPTS.

By cash from Territory	$
By cash from county taxes	3,834 63
By cash from district taxes	12,177 58
By cash from miscellaneous sources	289 75
Total	$16,301 96

DISBURSEMENTS.

Cash paid for Teachers' salaries and Janitor	$8,042 52
Cash paid for sites, buildings, repairs, school furniture	839 81
Cash paid for school libraries and apparatus	62 50
Cash paid for rent, fuel, contingent expenses, bonds, etc	6,915 85
Total	$15,860 68

Total receipts	$16,301 96
Total disbursements	15,860 68
Balance	$ 441 28

Outstanding certificates and other indebtedness, not including district bonds, ... $

STATISTICS FOR THE YEAR BEGINNING FIRST MONDAY IN SEPTEMBER 1887.

EMMETTSVILLE INDEPENDENT SCHOOL DISTRICT, ADA COUNTY, I. T.—
J. W. KELLEY, CLERK, C. C. STEVENSON, COUNTY SUPT.

Number of districts	1
Number of schools	2
Number of school houses	1
School houses owned by district	1
Scholars enrolled	50
Libraries	—
Volumes in libraries	—
Visits made by Superintendent	—
Visits made by Trustees	14
Visits of Trustees due and not made	—
Highest salary paid Teacher (per month)	—
Lowest salary paid Teacher "	—
Number of months schools were taught	—
Proportional attendance	—

SCHOOL CENSUS REPORT.

Number of boys between 5 and 21 years old	60
Number of girls between 5 and 21 years old	52
Total children " " "	112

Number of Teachers' institutes held	—
Number of Teachers who attended	—
Number of Teachers who did not attend	—

SCHOOL FINANCES.

RECEIPTS.

By cash from Territory (bal.)	
By cash from County taxes	$640 80
By cash from District taxes	
By cash from miscellaneous scources	
Total	$640 80

DISBURSEMENTS.

Cash paid for Teachers' salaries	
Cash paid for sites, buildings, repairs, school furniture	
Cash paid for school libraries and apparatus	
Cash paid for rent, fuel and contingent expenses	$640 80
Total	$640 80
Total receipts	$640 80
Total disbursements	640 80
Balance	$
Outstanding certificates and other indebtedness, not including District bonds	$

STATISTICS FOR THE YEAR BEGINNING FIRST MONDAY IN SEPTEMBER 1887.

ALTURAS COUNTY, I. T.—MRS. FRANCES BUTLER, CO. SCHOOL SUPT.

Number of districts	40
Number of schools	45
Number of school houses	26
School houses owned by district	26
Scholars enrolled	1559
Libraries	6
Volumes in libraries	565
Visits made by Superintendent	45
Visits made by Trustees	336
Visits of Trustees due and not made	307
Highest salary paid Teacher (per month)	$140 00
Lowest " " "	50 00
Number of months schools were taught	216
Proportional attendance	65 per cent

SCHOOL CENSUS REPORT.

Number of boys between 5 and 21 years old	1,382
Number of girls between 5 and 21 years old	1,286
Total children " " "	2,668

Number of Teachers' Institutes held	1
Number of Teachers who attended	——
Number of Teachers who did not attend	——

SCHOOL FINANCES.

RECEIPTS.

By cash on hand beginning year	$2,567 39
By cash from County taxes	18,333 46
By cash from District taxes	3,918 23
By cash from miscellaneous sources	$1,230 50
Total	$26,049 60

DISBURSEMENTS.

Cash paid for Teachers' salaries	$19,001 49
Cash paid for sites, buildings, repairs, school furniture	1,208 05
Cash paid for school libraries and apparatus	519 80
Cash paid for rent, fuel and contingent expenses	3,501 25
Total	$24,230 59
Total receipts	$26,049 60
Total disbursements	24,230 59
Balance	$ 1819 01
Outstanding certificates and other indebtedness, not including District bonds	$1,808 96

Dist. No. 12 is bonded for $12,000, and has expended for building $10,682.15 and $1,492.25, for furniture not included in above statement.

STATISTICS FOR THE YEAR BEGINNING FIRST MONDAY IN SEPTEMBER 1887.

BEAR LAKE COUNTY, I. T., R. KENNINGTON, COUNTY SCHOOL SUPT.

Number of Districts	15
Number of Schools	14
Number of School houses	15
School houses owned by District	3
Scholars enrolled	686
Libraries	—
Volumes in libraries	—
Visits made by Superintendent	36
Visits made by Trustees	65
Visits of Trustees due and not made	211
Highest salary paid Teacher (per month)	$
Lowest salary paid Teacher (per month)	
Number of months schools were taught	92
Proportional attendance	—

SCHOOL CENSUS REPORT.

Number of boys between 5 and 21 years old	1040
Number of girls " " "	1010
Total children " " "	2050

Number of Teachers' institutes held	—
Number of Teachers who attended	—
Number of Teachers who did not attend	—

SCHOOL FINANCES.

RECEIPTS.

By cash from Territory	
By cash from County taxes	$2,348 69
By cash from District taxes	538 40
By cash from miscellaneous sources	20 00
Total	$2,907 09

DISBURSEMENTS.

Cash paid for Teachers' salaries	$2,373 43
Cash paid for sites, buildings, repairs, school furniture	
Cash paid for school libraries and apparatus	
Cash paid for rent, fuel, and contingent expenses	633 92
Total	$3,007 35
Total receipts	$2,907 09
Total disbursements	3,007 35
Balance dr	$ 100 26
Outstanding certificates and other indebtedness, not including District bonds	$

NOTE:—The above statement of finances is taken from the report of the County Superintendent. His attention has been called to the inaccuracy, and an investigation is being made.

STATISTICS FOR THE YEAR BEGINNING FIRST MONDAY IN SEPTEMBER 1887.

BINGHAM COUNTY, I. T.—M. C. SENTER, COUNTY SCHOOL SUPT.

Number of districts	26
Number of schools	30
Number of school houses	27
School houses owned by district	19
Scholars enrolled	1076
Libraries	3
Volumes in libraries	120
Visits made by Superintendent	13
Visits made by Trustees	272
Visits of Trustees due and not made	229
Highest salary paid Teacher (per month)	$100 00
Lowest salary paid Teacher "	35 00
Number of months schools were taught	168
Proportional attendance	63 per cent.

SCHOOL CENSUS REPORT.

Number of boys between 5 and 21 years old	1217
Number of girls between 5 and 21 years old	1107
Total children " " "	2324

Number of Teachers' institutes held	None
Number of Teachers who attended	——
Number of Teachers who did not attend	——

SCHOOL FINANCES.

RECEIPTS.

By cash balance on hand	$ 585 18
By cash from County taxes	15,797 63
By cash from District taxes	2,750 70
By cash from miscellaneous scources	
Total	$19,133 51

DISBURSEMENTS.

Cash paid for Teachers' salaries	$11,101 57
Cash paid for sites, buildings, repairs, school furniture	986 60
Cash paid for school libraries and apparatus	213 64
Cash paid for rent, fuel and contingent expenses	1,580 50
Total	$13,882 31

Total receipts	$19,133 51
Total disbursements	13,882 31
Balance	$ 5,151 20
Outstanding certificates and other indebtedness, not including District bonds	$

STATISTICS FOR THE YEAR BEGINNING FIRST MONDAY IN SEPTEMBER 1887.

BOISE COUNTY, I. T.—J. A. LIPPINCOTT, COUNTY SCHOOL SUPT.

Number of Districts	15
Number of Schools	16
Number of School Houses	16
School Houses owned by District	14
Scholars Enrolled	361
Libraries	1
Volumes in Libraries	11
Visits made by Superintendent	16
Visits made by Trustees	147
Visits of Trustees due and not made	111
Highest Salary paid Teacher (per month)	$100 00
Lowest Salary paid Teacher " "	45 00
Number months schools were taught	86
Proportional attendance	58 per cent

SCHOOL CENSUS REPORT.

Number of Boys between 5 and 21 years old	352
Number of girls between 5 and 21 years old	316
Total children " " "	668

Number of Teachers' institutes held	None
Number of Teachers who attended	
Number of Teachers who did not attend	

SCHOOL FINANCES.

RECEIPTS.

By cash balance on hand beginning of year	$1,292 32
By cash from county taxes	7,981 21
By cash from district taxes	
By cash from miscellaneous sources	
Total	$9,273 53

DISBURSEMENTS.

Cash paid for Teachers' salaries	$6,090 60
Cash paid for sites, buildings, repairs, school furniture	311 37
Cash paid for school libraries and apparatus	
Cash paid for rent, fuel, contingent expenses,	314 33
Total	$6,716 30

Total receipts	$9,273 53
Total disbursements	6,716 30
Balance	$2,567 23
Outstanding certificates and other indebtedness, not including district bonds,	$ 82 90

STATISTICS FOR THE YEAR BEGINNING FIRST MONDAY IN SEPTEMBER 1887.

CASSIA COUNTY, I. T.—O. R. HALE, COUNTY SCHOOL SUPT.

Number of districts	24
Number of schools	25
Number of school houses	19
School houses owned by district	18
Scholars enrolled	867
Libraries	—
Volumes in libraries	—
Visits made by Superintendent	27
Visits made by Trustees	122
Visits of Trustees due and not made	307
Highest salary paid Teacher (per month)	$
Lowest " " "	
Number of months schools were taught	143
Proportional attendance	57 per cent

SCHOOL CENSUS REPORT.

Number of boys between 5 and 21 years old	704
Number of girls between 5 and 21 years old	646
Total children " " "	1,350

Number of Teachers' Institutes held	1
Number of Teachers who attended	12
Number of Teachers who did not attend	—

SCHOOL FINANCES.

RECEIPTS.

By cash on hand beginning year	$1,548 71
By cash from County taxes	7,512 27
By cash from District taxes	
By cash from miscellaneous sources	
Total	$9,050 98

DISBURSEMENTS.

Cash paid for Teachers' salaries	$5,917 04
Cash paid for sites, buildings, repairs, school furniture	595 05
Cash paid for school libraries and apparatus	
Cash paid for rent, fuel and contingent expenses	486 48
Total	$6,998 57

Total receipts	$9,050 98
Total disbursements	6,998 57
Balance	$2,052 41
Outstanding certificates and other indebtedness, not including District bonds	$

STATISTICS FOR THE YEAR BEGINNING FIRST MONDAY IN SEPTEMBER 1887.

CUSTER COUNTY, I. T., J. D. ELLIOTT, COUNTY SCHOOL SUPT.

Number of Districts	10
Number of Schools	9
Number of School houses	7
School houses owned by District	—
Scholars enrolled	168
Libraries	—
Volumes in libraries	—
Visits made by Superintendent	8
Visits made by Trustees	43
Visits of Trustees due and not made	68
Highest salary paid Teacher (per month)	$100 00
Lowest salary paid Teacher (per month)	50 00
Number of months schools were taught	37½
Proportional attendance	54 per cent.

SCHOOL CENSUS REPORT.

Number of boys between 5 and 21 years old	170
Number of girls " " "	142
Total children " " "	312

Number of Teachers' institutes held	None
Number of Teachers who attended	—
Number of Teachers who did not attend	—

SCHOOL FINANCES.

RECEIPTS

By cash balance on hand at beginning of year	$ 561 44
By cash from County taxes	3,919 88
By cash from District taxes	
By cash from miscellaneous sources	
Total	$4,481 32

DISBURSEMENTS.

Cash paid for Teachers' salaries	$2,852 50
Cash paid for sites, buildings, repairs, school furniture	
Cash paid for school libraries and apparatus	
Cash paid for rent, fuel, and contingent expenses	646 85
Total	$3,499 35
Total receipts	$4,481 32
Total disbursements	3,499 35
Balance	$ 981 97
Outstanding certificates and other indebtedness, not including District bonds	$ 200 75

STATISTICS FOR THE YEAR BEGINNING FIRST MONDAY IN SEPTEMBER 1887.

IDAHO COUNTY, I. T.—HIRAM ROBBINS, COUNTY SCHOOL SUPT.

Number of Districts	20
Number of Schools	22
Number of School Houses	12
School Houses owned by District	8
Scholars Enrolled	510
Libraries	—
Volumes in Libraries	—
Visits made by Superintendent	19
Visits made by Trustees	11
Visits of Trustees due and not made	—
Highest Salary paid Teacher (per month)	$80 00
Lowest Salary paid Teacher " "	30 00
Number months schools were taught	65¼
Proportional attendance	71 per cent

SCHOOL CENSUS REPORT.

Number of Boys between 5 and 21 years old	392
Number of girls between 5 and 21 years old	346
Total children " " "	738

Number of Teachers' institutes held.....
Number of Teachers who attended.....
Number of Teachers who did not attend.....

SCHOOL FINANCES.

RECEIPTS.

By cash balance on hand	$ 305 98
By cash from county taxes	2,190 08
By cash from district taxes	
By cash from miscellaneous sources	60 00
Total	$2,556 06

DISBURSEMENTS.

Cash paid for Teachers' salaries	$2,851 50
Cash paid for sites, buildings, repairs, school furniture	3 90
Cash paid for school libraries and apparatus	117 10
Cash paid for rent, fuel, contingent expenses,	158 13
Total	$3,130 63

Total receipts	$2,556 06
Total disbursements	3,130 63
Balance	$
Outstanding certificates and other indebtedness, not including district bonds,	$ 710 47

Accounts in process of correction,

STATISTICS FOR THE YEAR BEGINNING FIRST MONDAY IN SEPTEMBER 1887.

KOOTENAI COUNTY, I. T.—MARK W. MUSGROVE, COUNTY SCHOOL SUPT.

Number of districts	7
Number of schools	6
Number of school houses	6
School houses owned by district	—
Scholars enrolled	—
Libraries	—
Volumes in libraries	—
Visits made by Superintendent	9
Visits made by Trustees	—
Visits of Trustees due and not made	—
Highest salary paid Teacher (per month)	$50 00
Lowest salary paid Teacher "	33 30
Number of months schools were taught	18¾
Proportional attendance	—

SCHOOL CENSUS REPORT.

Number of boys between 5 and 21 years old	67
Number of girls between 5 and 21 years old	78
Total children " " "	145

Number of Teachers' institutes held	—
Number of Teachers who attended	—
Number of Teachers who did not attend	—

SCHOOL FINANCES.

RECEIPTS.

By cash balance on hand	$ 100 27
By cash from County taxes	1,641 85
By cash from District taxes	
By cash from miscellaneous sources	
Total	$1,742 12

DISBURSEMENTS.

Cash paid for Teachers' salaries	$ 767 66
Cash paid for sites, buildings, repairs, school furniture	1,177 35
Cash paid for school libraries and apparatus	123 50
Cash paid for rent, fuel and contingent expenses	
Total	$2,068 51

Total receipts	$1,742 12
Total disbursements	2,068 51
Balance	$.....
Outstanding certificates and other indebtedness, not including District bonds	$

STATISTICS FOR THE YEAR BEGINNING MAY 29, 1888, AND ENDING AUG 31, 1888.

LALAH COUNTY, I. T.—J. W. LIEUALLEN, COUNTY SCHOOL SUPT.

Number of districts	46
Number of schools	54
Number of school houses	41
School houses owned by district	41
Scholars enrolled	668
Libraries	—
Volumes in libraries	—
Visits made by Superintendent	21
Visits made by Trustees	71
Visits of Trustees due and not made	—
Highest salary paid Teacher (per month)	$50 00
Lowest " " "	30 00
Number of months schools were taught	71
Proportional attendance	78 per cent

SCHOOL CENSUS REPORT.

Number of boys between 5 and 21 years old	1188
Number of girls between 5 and 21 years old	1066
Total children " " "	2254

Number of Teachers' Institutes held	1
Number of Teachers who attended	—
Number of Teachers who did not attend	—

SCHOOL FINANCES.

RECEIPTS.

By cash balance on hand	$2,877 07	
By cash from County taxes		
By cash from District taxes		
By cash from miscellaneous sources		
Total		$2,877 07

DISBURSEMENTS.

Cash paid for Teachers' salaries	$1,807 75	
Cash paid for sites, buildings, repairs, school furniture		
Cash paid for school libraries and apparatus		
Cash paid for rent, fuel and contingent expenses	37 88	
Total		$1,845 63
Total receipts		$2,877 07
Total disbursements		1,845 63
Balance		$1,031 44
Outstanding certificates and other indebtedness, not including District bonds	$ 59 39	

STATISTICS FOR THE YEAR BEGINNING FIRST MONDAY IN SEPTEMBER 1887.

LEMHI COUNTY, I. T.—O. W. MINTZER, COUNTY SCHOOL SUPT.

Number of districts	9
Number of schools	10
Number of school houses	8
School houses owned by district	8
Scholars enrolled	264
Libraries	—
Volumes in libraries	—
Visits made by Superintendent	9
Visits made by Trustees	16
Visits of Trustees due and not made	81
Highest salary paid Teacher (per month)	$100 00
Lowest " " "	60 00
Number of months schools were taught	39
Proportional attendance	57 per cent

SCHOOL CENSUS REPORT.

Number of boys between 5 and 21 years old	225
Number of girls between 5 and 21 years old	227
Total children " " "	452

Number of Teachers' Institutes held	None
Number of Teachers who attended	—
Number of Teachers who did not attend	—

SCHOOL FINANCES.

RECEIPTS.

By cash balance beginning year	$329 66
By cash from County taxes	3,973 78
By cash from District taxes	
By cash from miscellaneous sources	
Total	$4,303 44

DISBURSEMENTS.

Cash paid for Teachers' salaries	$3,077 00
Cash paid for sites, buildings, repairs, school furniture	7 64
Cash paid for school libraries and apparatus	
Cash paid for rent, fuel and contingent expenses	244 04
Total	$3,328 68
Total receipts	$4,303 44
Total disbursements	3,328 68
Balance	$974 76
Outstanding certificates and other indebtedness, not including District bonds	$

STATISTICS FOR THE YEAR BEGINNING FIRST MONDAY IN SEPTEMBER 1887.

LEWISTON INDEPENDENT SCHOOL DISTRICT, NEZ PERCE COUNTY, I. T.
—R. J. MONROE, CLERK; J. Q. MOXLEY, COUNTY SCHOOL SUPT.

Number of districts	2
Number of schools	2
Number of school houses	2
School houses owned by district	2
Scholars enrolled	187
Libraries	—
Volumes in libraries	—
Visits made by Superintendent	—
Visits made by Trustees	—
Visits of Trustees due and not made	—
Highest salary paid Teacher (per month)	$125 00
Lowest salary paid Teacher "	50 50
Number of months schools were taught	—
Proportional attendance	—

SCHOOL CENSUS REPORT.

Number of boys between 5 and 21 years old	168
Number of girls between 5 and 21 years old	149
Total children " " "	317

Number of Teachers' institutes held	—
Number of Teachers who attended	—
Number of Teachers who did not attend	—

SCHOOL FINANCES.

RECEIPTS.

By cash balance on hand	$ 505 88
By cash from County taxes	
By cash from District taxes	
By cash from miscellaneous sources	5,756 34
Total	$6,262 22

DISBURSEMENTS.

Cash paid for Teachers' salaries, etc	$6,200 73
Cash paid for sites, buildings, repairs, school furniture	
Cash paid for school libraries and apparatus	
Cash paid for rent, fuel and contingent expenses	
Total	$6,200 73
Total receipts	$6,262 22
Total disbursements	6,200 73
Balance	$ 61 49
Outstanding certificates and other indebtedness, not including District bonds	$

Taken from special report of July 13, 1888.

Statistics for Time Intervening Between the Creation of Latah County and the First Monday of September, A. D. 1888.

NEZ PERCE COUNTY, I. T.—J. Q MOXLEY, COUNTY SCHOOL SUPT.

Number of Districts	11
Number of Schools	11
Number of School Houses	7
School Houses owned by District	6
Scholars Enrolled	219
Libraries	—
Volumes in Libraries	—
Visits made by Superintendent	4
Visits made by Trustees	21
Visits of Trustees due and not made	69
Highest Salary paid Teacher (per month)	$50 00
Lowest Salary paid Teacher " "	33 33
Number months schools were taught	30
Proportional attendance	54 per cent

SCHOOL CENSUS REPORT.

Number of Boys between 5 and 21 years old	213
Number of girls between 5 and 21 years old	179
Total children " " "	392

Number of Teachers' institutes held	None
Number of Teachers who attended	
Number of Teachers who did not attend	

SCHOOL FINANCES.

RECEIPTS.

By cash from Territory	$ 147 34
By cash balance on hand	458 79
By cash from county taxes	1,409 79
By cash from district taxes	66 78
By cash from miscellaneous sources	
Total	$2,082 70

DISBURSEMENTS.

Cash paid for Teachers' salaries	$1,410 66
Cash paid for sites, buildings, repairs, school furniture	23 45
Cash paid for school libraries and apparatus	
Cash paid for rent, fuel, contingent expenses,	94 17
Total	$1,528 28
Total receipts	$2,082 70
Total disbursements	1,528 28
Balance	$ 554 42
Outstanding certificates and other indebtedness, not including district bonds,	$

STATISTICS FOR THE YEAR BEGINNING FIRST MONDAY IN SEPTEMBER 1887.

ONEIDA COUNTY, I. T., W. C. HEASTON, COUNTY SCHOOL SUPT.

Number of Districts	27
Number of Schools	25
Number of School houses	9
School houses owned by District	9
Scholars enrolled	1133
Libraries	—
Volumes in libraries	—
Visits made by Superintendent	25
Visits made by Trustees	99
Visits of Trustees due and not made	249
Highest salary paid Teacher (per month)	$90 00
Lowest salary paid Teacher (per month)	15 00
Number of months school swere taught	116½
Proportional attendance	47 per cent.

SCHOOL CENSUS REPORT.

Number of boys between 5 and 21 years old	1245
Number of girls " " "	1141
Total children " " "	2386

Number of Teachers' institutes held	None
Number of Teachers who attended	—
Number of Teachers who did not attend	—

SCHOOL FINANCES.

RECEIPTS.

By cash balance on hand	$ 754 78
By cash from County taxes	5,170 54
By cash from District taxes	
By cash from miscellaneous sources	
Total	$5,925 32

DISBURSEMENTS.

Cash paid for Teachers' salaries	$4,485 81
Cash paid for sites, buildings, repairs, school furniture	87 50
Cash paid for school libraries and apparatus	163 90
Cash paid for rent, fuel, and contingent expenses	595 63
Total	$5,332 84

Total receipts	$5,925 32
Total disbursements	5,332 84
Balance	$ 592 48
Outstanding certificates and other indebtedness, not including District bonds	$- 178 38

STATISTICS FOR THE YEAR BEGINNING FIRST MONDAY IN SEPTEMBER 1887.

OWYHEE COUNTY, I. T.—JOHN SCALES, COUNTY SCHOOL SUPT.

Number of Districts	11
Number of Schools	13
Number of School Houses	13
School Houses owned by District	10
Scholars Enrolled	214
Libraries	1
Volumes in Libraries	300
Visits made by Superintendent	15
Visits made by Trustees	40
Visits of Trustees due and not made	200
Highest Salary paid Teacher (per month)	$125 00
Lowest Salary paid Teacher " "	65 00
Number months schools were taught	8½
Proportional attendance	

SCHOOL CENSUS REPORT.

Number of Boys between 5 and 21 years old	165
Number of girls between 5 and 21 years old	148
Total children " " "	313

Number of Teachers' institutes held	None
Number of Teachers who attended	
Number of Teachers who did not attend	

SCHOOL FINANCES.

RECEIPTS.

By cash bal. on hand	$6,270 84
By cash from county taxes	6,847 60
By cash from district taxes	
By cash from miscellaneous sources	218 85
Total	$13,337 29

DISBURSEMENTS.

Cash paid for Teachers' salaries	$6,478 70
Cash paid for sites, buildings, repairs, school furniture	557 45
Cash paid for school libraries and apparatus	
Cash paid for rent, fuel, contingent expenses,	404 32
Total	$7,440 47

Total receipts	$13,337 29
Total disbursements	7,440 47
Balance	$5,896 82
Outstanding certificates and other indebtedness, not including district bonds,	$

STATISTICS FOR THE YEAR BEGINNING FIRST MONDAY IN SEPTEMBER 1887.

SHOSHONE COUNTY, I. T.—W. W. HAMMELL, COUNTY SCHOOL SUPT.

Number of districts	11
Number of schools	9
Number of school houses	10
School houses owned by district	5
Scholars enrolled	218
Libraries	—
Volumes in libraries	—
Visits made by Superintendent	22
Visits made by Trustees	—
Visits of Trustees due and not reported made	162
Highest salary paid Teacher (per month)	$90 00
Lowest " " "	30 00
Number of months schools were taught	54¾
Proportional attendance	34 per cent

SCHOOL CENSUS REPORT.

Number of boys between 5 and 21 years old	270
Number of girls between 5 and 21 years old	233
Total children " " "	503

Number of Teachers' Institutes held	None
Number of Teachers who attended	—
Number of Teachers who did not attend	—

SCHOOL FINANCES.

RECEIPTS

By cash balance on hand	$1,919 39
By cash from County taxes	4,453 57
By cash from District taxes	46 77
By cash from miscellaneous sources	174 72
Total	$6,594 45

DISBURSEMENTS.

Cash paid for Teachers' salaries	$3,852 25
Cash paid for sites, buildings, repairs, school furniture	174 72
Cash paid for school libraries and apparatus	
Cash paid for rent, fuel and contingent expenses	859 67
Total	$4,886 64

Total receipts	$6,594 45
Total disbursements	4,886 64
Balance	$1,707 81
Outstanding certificates and other indebtedness, not including District bonds	$

STATISTICS FOR THE YEAR BEGINNING FIRST MONDAY IN SEPTEMBER 1887.

WASHINGTON COUNTY, I. T.—REV. L. L. SHEARER, CO. SCHOOL SUPT.

Number of Districts	28
Number of Schools	23
Number of School houses	20
School houses owned by District	20
Scholars enrolled	693
Libraries	—
Volumes in libraries	—
Visits made by Superintendent	25
Visits made by Trustees	73
Visits of Trustees due and not made	200
Highest salary paid Teacher (per month)	$75 00
Lowest salary paid Teacher (per month)	25 00
Number of months schools were taught	91
Proportional attendance	—

SCHOOL CENSUS REPORT.

Number of boys between 5 and 21 years old	318
Number of girls " " "	552
Total children " " "	870
Number of Teachers' institutes held	—
Number of Teachers who attended	—
Number of Teachers who did not attend	—

SCHOOL FINANCES.

RECEIPTS.

By cash from Territory	$ 335 43
By cash from County taxes	5,717 18
By cash from District taxes	34 00
By cash from miscellaneous sources	294 00
Total	$6,380 61

DISBURSEMENTS.

Cash paid for Teachers' salaries	$4,171 22
Cash paid for sites, buildings, repairs, school furniture	280 70
Cash paid for school libraries and apparatus	
Cash paid for rent, fuel, and contingent expenses	442 35
Total	$4,894 27
Total receipts	$6,380 61
Total disbursements	4,894 27
Balance	$1,486 34
Outstanding certificates and other indebtedness, not including District bonds	$ 201 36